Mount Primary School PSHE

Curriculum Design
Long Term Plan & Progression



PSHE Intent

At Mount Primary School, we are incredibly proud of our work on PSHE. We consider that Relationships and Sex Education is an integral part of the PSHE curriculum, and is linked to that for Science. We understand that pupils must be provided with a PSHE education that prepares them for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life. A key part of this relates to relationships education, which must be delivered to every primary-aged pupil. Relationships education focuses on giving pupils the knowledge they need to make informed decisions about their wellbeing, health and relationships, and to build their self-efficacy. Health education focuses on equipping pupils with the knowledge they need to make good decisions about their own health and wellbeing. We have used the new statutory RSE & Health Education document to inform our future planning and have ensured that the objectives are delivered at age appropriate stages. In line with the National Curriculum 2014, all schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum that:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

The National Curriculum advises schools to make provision for personal, social, health and economic education (PSHE), drawing on good practice. At Mount Primary School, PSHE is considered across the curriculum and is a fundamental part of the children's school experience. We aim to offer pupils a carefully planned programme on human development, relationships, sexuality and family life within a safe, comfortable atmosphere and in a relaxed relationship between teacher and pupil.

PSHE Implementation

We have used the PSHE Association along with the new statutory RSE & Health Education document as well as The Christopher Winter Programme to create detailed long and medium term plans to ensure coverage of PSHE across the EYFS and primary phase. Our long term plan outlines a clear overview to provide the teacher and adults leading PSHE confidence in progression of skills and knowledge and that outcomes have been met. The PSHE Association have created three core themes that we have adopted. Within these, there are four subsections that our learning outcomes have been divided into:

- Health & Well Being (Mental well-being, health and prevention, Physical health and fitness, Healthy eating, Drugs, alcohol and tobacco, Basic first aid, Changes in adolescence)
- Relationships (Families and people who care for me, Caring relationships, Respect for relationships, Online relationships)
- Living In The Wider World (Shared Responsibilities & Communities, Being safe, Internet safety and harm, Communities and cultures)

Each year group has a progressive focus on these themes, revisiting and developing their knowledge and skills throughout their primary phase.

Wider Curriculum

We believe that focusing on developing these important knowledge and skills in our children will help them to build resilience, independence and confidence; embrace challenge; foster a love of learning; and increase their level of happiness. We do this through the language we use in class, praising children for their efforts, and using language

to encourage children to change their way of thinking. Visitors such as emergency services, local churches and the school nurse complement our PSHE curriculum to offer additional learning. We encourage our pupils to develop their sense of self-worth by playing a positive role in contributing to school life and the wider community. We challenge all of our pupils to

look for opportunities to develop a love of learning, make excellent progress and behave as caring, respectful young people with high aspirations for their future and their world. Assemblies are linked to PSHE, British Values and SMSC and cover any additional sessions that would benefit the whole school.PSHE, BV and SMSC displays throughout school reinforce the PSHE curriculum enabling children to make links.

PSHE Impact

PSHE learning is loved by teachers and pupils across school. By the time our children leave our school they will:

- be able to approach a range of real life situations and apply their skills and attributes to help navigate themselves through modern life
- be on their way to becoming healthy, open minded, respectful, socially and morally responsible, active members of society
- appreciate difference and diversity
- recognise and apply the British Values of Democracy, Tolerance, Mutual respect, Rule of law and Liberty
- be able to understand and manage their emotions
- be able to look after their mental health and well-being
- be able to develop positive, healthy relationship with their peers both now and in the future.
- understand the physical aspects involved in RSE at an age appropriate level
- have respect for themselves and others.
- have a positive self esteem

PSHE Long	Term Plan						
Key Concepts							
	F2	Y1	Y2	Y3/4 A	Y3/4 B	Y5/6 A	Y5/6 B
Autumn 1	Settling at school Building friendships SRE Families	Families and people who care for me Caring relationships	Families and people who care for me Caring relationships	Families and people who care for me Caring relationships	Families and people who care for me Caring relationships	Families and people who care for me Caring relationships	Families and people who care for me Caring relationships
Autumn 2	Managing emotions Developing resilience Personal hygiene SRE Daily routine	Respect for relationships Online relationships					
Spring 1	Developing good relationships My feelings and others feelings	Being safe Internet safety and harm					
Spring 2	Health and well-being Working towards own goals Developing confidence SRE Keeping Ourselves Clean	Mental well-being, health and prevention					
Summer 1	Building relationships with others Developing compassion Personal hygiene	Physical health and fitness Healthy eating					
Summer 2	Understanding and explaining rules Set and working towards goals	Drugs, alcohol and tobacco Basic first aid Change in adolescence body					

Statutory Coverage

N	F2	KS1	KS2		
a t i o n a I C u	Reception: Self-Regulation Expresses his/ her own feelings and considers the feelings of others. Is able to identify and moderate own feelings socially and emotionally. Manage their own needs – personal hygiene. Know and talk about different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing – regular physical activity, healthy eating, tooth brushing, sensible amounts of screen time, a good sleep routine and being a safe pedestrian. Managing Self Sees himself/ herself as a valuable individual. Shows resilience and perseverance in the face of a challenge. Manages his/ her own needs around personal hygiene. Building Relationships Builds constructive and respectful relationships.	Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education is a school subject through which pupils develop the knowledge, skills and attributes they need to manage their lives, now and in the future. It helps children and young people to stay healthy and safe, while preparing them to make the most of life and work. Most of PSHE education becomes statutory for all schools from September 2020 under the Children and Social Work Act 2017. This includes Relationships Education at key stages 1 and 2, and Health Education across both key stages.			
r i c u u m & E Y F S	 Thinks about the perspective of others. ELG: Self-Regulation Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, respond appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. Managing Self Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. Building Relationships Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs. 	The Programme of Study is set out 1. Health & Wellbeing 2. Relationships 3. Living In The Wider World PSHE education addresses both pu preparation for their future. The Pr provides a spiral curriculum to deve attributes, where prior learning is r year on year.	pils' current experiences and cogramme of Study therefore elop knowledge, skills and		

Progression Map

			Key Concep	ot - Subject Specific	Vocabulary		
	F2	Y1	Y2	Y3/4 Cycle A	Y3/4 Cycle B	Y5/6 Cycle A	Y5/6 Cycle B
Families and people who care for me Caring relationships	family, friend, teacher, kind, celebration, celebrate	love, care, caring, respectful, helpful, listening, good manners, security, safe, protection, danger, harm, stability, rules, secure, safe kind words kind hands kind feet, friendly, games, activities	family, parents grandparents, step brother, step sister only child, adopted fostered, different countries, wider world respect, unique accepting, love care, features friendship, generous being yourself mutual respect, value worthwhile, kindness generous	stable, caring relationships physical health mental health, self esteem, self confidence sense of belonging mutual respect, beliefs values, ideas truthfulness trustworthiness characteristic, loyalty faithful, devoted, kindness, generosity giving, characteristic shared interests shared experiences problems, difficulties supportive, loyal, kind truthful	family relationships unhappy, unsafe help, advice healthy friendship unhealthy friendship excluded healthy friendship mutual respect welcoming, lonely	healthy family life unhealthy family life family structure committed family members supportive family members protection times of difficulty spending time sharing lives ups and downs positive experiences negative experience repaired strengthened violence	formal legal marriage civil partnership trust consistent inconsistent respectful reliable fickle disrespect unhappy uncomfortable isolation conflict opinion value advice
Respect for relationships Online relationships	good choice bad choice, rule, partner, group, different, unique	courtesy, good manners, courteous, bullying, name-calling, isolating, cyber bullying, affect, hurt feelings, bystander report, adult	differences, respect accepting differences choices, likes different ways of thinking, courtesy good manners courteous, permission-seeking sign of respect permission giving bullying, name-calling isolating, cyber bullying affect, bystander, online	respect, kindly courteously, position of authority, bullying, verbal, physical, name-calling isolating, cyber bullying impact, negative impact, negative feelings, self-confidence, insecure, bystander principle, value online relationship face-to-face, courteous mutual respect anonymous, online befriending, privacy settings, personal information, online bullying, inappropriate content	respectful relationship courtesy, peers wider community, support, improve courtesy, good manners permission-seeking sign of respect permission giving approval, bullying verbal, physical name-calling isolating, cyber bullying impact, negative impact, negative feelings self-confidence, insecure, bystander	courtesy, good manners, courteous self-respect. stereotype gender, race, unfair negative, destructive bullying, verbal physical, name-calling isolating cyber bullying. impact negative impact negative feelings self-confidence. insecure, bystander online friendship sources of information online friendship personal information search engine, accuracy	courtesy good manners courteous respect courteous good manners eye contact wider society public places permission-seeking permission giving bullying verbal physical name-calling isolating cyber bullying impact negative impact negative feelings self-confidence insecure

							bystander
Being safe Internet safety and harm	help, helpful, safe	surprise, secret, unexpectedly, hidden unhappy, upset, harm, hurt, danger personal property, appropriate touch, allowed, positive inappropriate touch unsafe, physical contact, trusted adult unsafe, bad, upset, worried, hurt, scared	internet, information screen, control, online healthy, privacy thoughts, feelings secret, personal property, appropriate touch, permission positive, inappropriate touch, negative unsafe physical contact trusted adult	boundaries personal space permission mutual respect courtesy digital context, private, privacy, physical safety personal information secret, unsafe, situation, physically, emotionally, trusted adult personal information	exclusion trolling personal information social media face-to-face, risks excessive, electronic device, inactive obese, ration rationing positive content negative content mental health physical health insecure	concern abuse trusted adult trusted family members trusted websites	social media age restricted personal information suitable, content online abuse, trolling bullying, harassment negative impact mental health negative emotions discerning, consumer ranked, online information, selected targeted, concern bullying, harassment trolling, issues online
Mental well-being, health and prevention	like, love, talent, problem, solve, feelings, hand washing	mental wellbeing physical health emotion, happy, sad angry, nervousness fear, surprise, calm emotion, happy nerves, fear, surprise emotion, frowning smiling, crying strong, healthy teeth, gums harmed, damaged	mental wellbeing, physical health, emotion, happy, sad angry, nervousness fear, surprise emotion, happy body language heatstroke, sunburn dehydratehat, sun cream, water, shade	advice, support mental wellbeing physical health normal daily life emotions, experiences situations, scale of emotions experiences situations, facial expressions non-verbal body language self-care, self-care techniques, mental health, wellbeing	sufficient sleep good quality sleep physically well mentally well concentrate appetite	varied emotional vocabulary judge, appropriate proportional physical exercise, stress relief, improved memory community, participation voluntary activity service based activity isolation, loneliness mental wellbeing low mood, depression anxiety, low self-confidence triggers, seeking support, mental ill health, mixed feelings conflicted feelings	early signs physical illness personal hygiene germs bacteria viruses living organisms hygiene routine antivirals antibiotics allergy allergic reaction vaccine immunisation immune vaccinations
Physical health and fitness Healthy eating	daily routine, exercise, healthy food, fruit, vegetables, healthy choice	active lifestyle, exercise healthy, heart healthy diet balanced diet protein, carbohydrates fruits, vegetables dairy, healthy fats balanced diet healthy diet poorly, energy	active lifestyle, exercise mental health and wellbeing, healthy, diet, protein, vegetables, fruit carbohydrate, dairy healthy fats, food group, harm moderation healthy meal	active lifestyle mental health and wellbeing, endorphins heart, muscles, bones energy, obesity regular exercise mental health and wellbeing physical health and wellbeing, exercise	healthy diet protein carbohydrate healthy fats fruits and vegetables moderation unhealthy vitamins minerals obesity	inactive lifestyle obesity physical health mental health healthy weight balanced diet underweight physical illness physical health	healthy diet, protein carbohydrate, dairy fats, fruits and vegetables nutritionally rich foods sodium, starches vitamins, minerals calories, nourish energy nutritional content

			daily routine, weekly routine	tooth decay		nutrition fact food label, grams milligrams percentages percentage daily value obese, obesity high excess body fat tooth decay bacteria short-term risk long-term risk distorted vision coordination altered emotions impaired judgement appetite vitamin deficiencies memory loss
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco Basic first aid Change in adolescence body	family, safe cared for, rules emergency services police, fire service ambulance search and rescue dangerous situations clean, washing harmed,damaged babies, children adults, youngest oldest, grow, change differences, private parts, penis, vagina, medicine, household products, harmful, healthy, ill, doctor parents, safety,	substance, medicine spray, liquid, solid safe, unsafe hazardous substance, harmful, harm home, school safety instructions, rules, emergency, ambulance, injury conscious, unconscious differences, male female, penis, testicles vagina, womb	cigarettes, tobacco Nicotine, blood pressure, circulation fertility, passive smoking, second hand smoke, reducing exposure, Smoke Free Law, strategies, bruise, burn, scald, bleed blood vessels wet heat, dry heat Basic First Aid ice pack, emergency services emergency situation injury conscious unconscious	alcohol, legal drug permitted, law irrational uncoordinated blurred vision, blood pressure, individual unreliable, community drunk, arrested confiscate, private parts, vagina, penis testicles, physical changes emotional changes hormones, puberty	legal illegal nicotine alcohol cannabis heroin cocaine ecstasy legal consequences fine stereotype volatile substance solvents hallucinations coma peer pressure peer influence resist peer pressure assertive puberty physical changes emotional changes mood swings reproductive organ vagina uterus	legal illegal nicotine alcohol cannabis heroin cocaine ecstasy legal consequences fine stereotype volatile substance solvents hallucinations coma peer pressure peer influence resist peer pressure assertive puberty physical changes emotional changes mood swings reproductive organ vagina uterus

			ovaries	ovaries
			fallopian tubes	fallopian tubes
			penis	penis
			testes	testes
			scrotum	scrotum
			relationship	relationship
			work colleague	work colleague
			member of the public	member of the public
			private parts	private parts
			consent	consent
			sanitary wear	
			personal / private	
			information	
			online relationship	

	Key Concept - Families and People Who Care for Me /Caring Relationships								
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5/6A	Y5/6B			
To talk about my family.	To know that families are important because they	To know that other families in school	To know that relationships can be stable and caring.	To know that relationships can be stable and caring	To know that family life can be healthy/unhealthy.	To know that family life can be healthy/unhealthy and			
To talk about my friends.	give love.	sometimes look different from your own family.	To know that we can have	and give examples.	To know that a healthy	explain why.			
To make new friends with	To know that families are	Trom your own family.	different types of stable	To know that we can have	family life offers	To know and explain how			
the help of my teachers.	important because they give security.	To know that other families in the wider world	and caring relationships.	different types of stable and caring relationships	commitment, support, protection and care.	a healthy family life offers commitment, support,			
To talk about the people who care for me at home	To know that families are	sometimes look different from your own family.	To know why stable and caring relationships are	and give examples.	To know that a healthy	protection and care.			
or in school.	important because they give stability.	To know that we should	important for families and children.	To explain why stable and caring relationships are	family helps each other in times of difficulty.	To know that a healthy family helps each other in			
To talk about how to be a good friend.	To know that friendships	respect differences between our families.	To know what mutual	important for families and children.	To know that spending	times of difficulty, giving examples.			
	are important in making us		respect, truthfulness and		time together and sharing	·			
To talk about how to be kind to others.	feel happy.	To know that other children's families are held	trustworthiness are and why they are	To know what mutual respect, truthfulness and	each other's lives is important.	To know that spending time together and sharing			
To talk about different	To know that friendships are important in making us	together by love and care, even if they seem different	characteristics of friendships.	trustworthiness are and why they are	To know that friendships	each other's lives is important, giving examples			
cultural celebrations.	feel secure.	to your own family.	To know that loyalty,	characteristics of friendships, giving	can have ups and downs.	from their own lives.			
	To know how people choose friends.	To know the features of friendships.	kindness and generosity are and why they are	examples.	To know how ups and downs can often be	To know that friendships can have ups and downs			
	To know how people make	To know what mutual	characteristics of friendships.	To know that loyalty, kindness and generosity	worked through so that a friendship is repaired or	and the impact of these.			
	friends.	respect is in a friendship.	To know how we can share	are and why they are characteristics of	even strengthened.	To explain in detail how ups and downs can often			
		To know what kindness is in a friendship.	interests and experiences in friendships.	friendships, giving examples.	To know that resorting to violence in friendships is never right.	be worked through so that a friendship is repaired or even strengthened.			
			To know how friendships can give us support with problems and difficulties.	To know how we can share interests and experiences in friendships and give	To know that marriage represents a formal and	To know and explain why resorting to violence in			
			To know when family	examples of when they have done this.	legally recognised commitment of two	friendships is never right.			
			relationships are making me feel unhappy or unsafe.	To know how friendships can give us support with	people to each other. To know how to recognise	To know that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised			
			To know how to seek help or advice from others when family relationships	problems and difficulties and give examples of this from their own experience.	who to trust and who not to trust.	commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be			
			are making me feel unhappy / unsafe.	To know when family relationships are making me feel unhappy, unsafe,	To know how to judge when a friendship is	lifelong.			

	To know that friendships can be healthy / unhealthy.	uncomfortable, nervous or scared.	making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable.	To know how to recognise who to trust and who not
	can be nearthy / dimeating.	scareu.		to trust, giving examples
	To know that a healthy friendship is welcoming	To know how to seek help or advice from others	To learn about managing conflict.	from their own lives.
	towards others.	when family relationships	To know how to seek	To know how to judge when a friendship is
	To know that healthy	are making me feel unhappy / unsafe, naming	advice from others, if	making them feel unhappy
	friendships do not make others feel lonely or	trusted adults in my life.	needed.	or uncomfortable and explain how they know
	excluded.	To know that friendships		this.
		can be healthy / unhealthy and give examples.		To learn about managing
		- 1		conflict and give examples from their own experience.
		To know that a healthy friendship is welcoming		To know how to seek
		towards others and why this is important.		advice from others, if
				needed, naming trusted adults in their lives.
		To know that healthy friendships do not make		
		others feel lonely or		
		excluded and explain why.		

		Key Concept - Resp	ectful Relationships &	Online relationships		
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
To understand the	To know what courtesy	To know that it is	To know the conventions	To know that you can	To know the conventions	To know the importance of
difference between 'good'	and manners are and how	important to respect	of courtesy and manners.	expect to be treated with	of courtesy and manners	self-respect and how this
and 'bad' choices.	to use them.	others, even when they		respect by others in wider	and use these.	links to their own
		look different or behave	To know that you can	society.		happiness.
To understand and follow	To know about different	differently to you.	expect to be treated with		To know the importance of	
rules.	types of bullying (including		respect by others in	To know that you should	self-respect.	To know how stereotypes
	cyber bullying).	To know that it is	school.	show respect to others,		can be unfair, negative or
To work with a partner or		important to respect	l	including those in positions	To know what a stereotype	destructive.
in a group.	To know how bullying	others, even when they	To know that you should	of authority and be able to	is.	T- los
To dolly also set become	affects others.	make different choices,	show respect to others,	discuss how to show		To know about different
To talk about how we are	To long our subject to be setting along	have different likes or ways	including those in positions	respect.	To lungue ob out different	types of bullying (including
all different and unique.	To know what a bystander is.	of thinking to you.	of authority.	To know about different	To know about different	cyber bullying) and what
	15.	To know what courtesy	To know about different	types of bullying (including	types of bullying (including cyber bullying) and its	we can do to prevent it.
	To know how to report	and manners are and how	types of bullying (including	cyber bullying) and its	impact to others in the	To know about the
	bullying to an adult / get	to use them.	cyber bullying) and its	impact.	community.	responsibilities of
	help.	to use them.	impact.	Impact.		bystanders (primarily
	1.0.6.	To know what	,pase.	To know the responsibility	To know the responsibility	reporting bullying to an
		permission-seeking is in	To know the responsibility	of bystanders and how to	of bystanders and how to	adult) and how to get help.
		relationships.	of bystanders.	get help.	get help in difficult	
		· ·	·		situations.	To consider their online
		To know what permission	To know that the same	To know that the same		friendships and sources of
		giving is in relationships.	principles apply to online	principles apply to online	To consider their online	information.
			relationships as to face-to	relationships as to face-to	friendships.	
		To know about different	face relationships.	face relationships.		To know about the risks
		types of bullying (including			To know about the risks	associated with people
		cyber bullying).	To know that it is	To know the rules and	associated with people	they have never met when
			important to respect	principles of keeping safe	they have never met when	online and what they
		To know how bullying	others online when we are	online, how to recognise	online.	should do if they are
		affects others.	anonymous.	risks, harmful content and	<u> </u>	unsure.
		l <u>-</u>		contact, and how to report	To know how information	<u> </u>
		To know what a bystander	To know the rules and	them.	is shared and used online.	To know that in school
		is and what they should do	principles of keeping safe	To long out the store again have	To line and the back in each and	they can expect to be
		if they see bullying	online and recognising	To know that we can have	To know that in school	treated with respect by
		happening.	risks.	respectful relationships in a range of contexts and	they can expect to be treated with respect by	others, and that in turn they should show due
		To know that sometimes	To be soon that	discuss these.	others.	respect to others, including
		people behave differently	To know that we can have	discuss these.	ouncis.	those in positions of
		online, including by	respectful relationships in	To know some ways of	To know that in wider	authority.
		pretending to be someone	a range of contexts.	improving or supporting	society they can expect to	"""
		they are not.	To know that	respectful relationships.	be treated with respect by	To know that in wider
			permission-seeking is		others.	society they can expect to
			important in relationships	To know that permission		be treated with respect by
			important in relationships	giving is important in		others, and that in turn

	with friends, adults and	relationships with friends,	To know the importance of	they should show due
	peers.	adults and peers.	permission-seeking.	respect to others, including
				those in positions of
				authority.
				To know the importance of
				permission-seeking and
				giving in relationships with
				friends, peers and adults.

	Key Concept - Being Safe /Internet Safety & Harm									
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6				
To talk about people who help us at school. To talk about people who keep us safe. To talk about how we can help others.	To know what a secret is. To know that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe. To know that each person's body belongs to them. To know that a person's body can be touched in different ways. To know when you are feeling unsafe / bad about any adult and what to do about it.	To know that the internet is an important part of life for most people and why it is useful. To know why we should control the amount of time we spend online. To know what privacy is and why it is not always right to keep secrets. To know that each person's body belongs to them. To know that a person's body can be touched in different ways. To know how to behave with adults you do not know (including online). To know when you are feeling unsafe / bad about any adult and what to do about it.	To know what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context). To know about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults. To recognise some situations where keeping a secret is not safe. To know how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (including online) whom they do not know. To know how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard. To know that my online actions can affect others. To know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online. To know that it is important to keep personal information private online. To know about the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the	To give detailed examples of the sorts of boundaries which are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context). To know about the concept of privacy, the implications of it for both children and adults and why online privacy is important. To recognise some situations where keeping a secret is not safe and explain why To give examples how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know. To give examples of how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard. To know that my online actions can affect others and explain how. To know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online, giving examples from personal experience.	To know how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary needed to do so. To identify a variety of sources for advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources. To know that social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted. To know that the internet can be a negative place because of online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place. To know how to be a discerning consumer of information online. To know where and how to report concerns, get support with issues online, ask for advice/help (naming trusted adults in their own lives) and explain why this is important.	To know how to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so. To identify where to seek advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources, depending on the situation. To know where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online). To explain why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted. To explain how online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can have a negative impact on mental health. To know how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines,				

benefits of rationing time	To explain why it is	is ranked, selected and
spent online.	important to keep personal	targeted.
		<u>'</u>

Key Concept - Mental Wellbeing/									
	Health & Prevention								
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6			
To talk about things I like To talk about things I am good at / my talents. To talk about problems and how we could solve them. To start to talk about my feelings and the feelings of others. To know why washing your hands is important.	To begin to know what mental wellbeing is and that it is a part of our lives every day. To know about different emotions and how or when we feel them. To know which emotion/s I am feeling and begin to talk about them. To know which emotion/s others are feeling and begin to talk about them. To know how to look after my teeth.	To know what mental wellbeing is and that it is a part of our lives every day. To know about different emotions, how or when we feel them and talk about them with a range of vocabulary. To know which emotion/s I am feeling and how to talk about them. To know which emotion/s others are feeling and how to talk about them. To know why the sun can be bad for you. To know how to keep safe in the sun.	To explain how mental wellbeing is as much a normal daily life as physical health. To know there is a normal range of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. To know that there is a scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. To recognise and talk about the emotions felt in their mind and body using a varied vocabulary. To explain that we can recognise and talk about the feelings of others by looking at facial	To explain how mental wellbeing is as much a normal part of normal daily life as physical health, giving examples. To give examples of the normal range of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. To explain how humans experience a scale of emotions in relation to different experiences and situations. To recognise and talk in detail about the emotions felt in their mind and body using a varied vocabulary. To give examples of how we can recognise and talk about the feelings of	To know that it is important to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate. To know the benefits of physical exercise and time outdoors on mental wellbeing and health. To know that community participation, voluntary and service based activity can have a positive impact on mental wellbeing and health. To know that isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.	To know how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate. To know the benefits of physical exercise and time outdoors on mental wellbeing and health. To describe some benefits of community participation, voluntary and service based activity on mental wellbeing and health. To explain how isolation and loneliness can affect children and say how children can discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.			

	I	I = 1	[
expressions and body	others using their facial	To know that bullying	To describe how bullying
language.	expressions/ body	(including cyber bullying)	(including cyber bullying)
1	language.	has a negative and often	has a negative and often
To know some simple		lasting impact on mental	lasting impact on mental
self-care techniques.	To give examples of various	wellbeing.	wellbeing.
l <u>.</u> .	simple self-care		
To know that sufficient	techniques.	To know where and how to	To know where and how to
good quality sleep is		seek support (including	seek support (including
important for good health.	To explain why sufficient	recognising the triggers for	recognising the triggers for
l	good quality sleep is	seeking support), including	seeking support), including
To know that lack of sleep	important for good health.	whom in school they	whom in school they
can affect weight, mood		should speak to if they are	should speak to if they are
and ability to learn.	To explain why lack of	worried about their own	worried about their own or
	sleep can affect weight,	mental wellbeing or ability	someone else's mental
	mood and ability to learn.	to control their emotions	wellbeing or ability to
		(including issues arising	control their emotions
		online).	(including issues arising
			online).
		To know that it is common	
		for people to experience	To know that it is common
		mental ill health and how	for people to experience
		problems can be resolved	mental ill health, and some
		if the right support is made	specific ways in which
		available, especially if	problems can be resolved.
		accessed early enough.	
			To recognise and describe
		To recognise some early	a variety of early signs of
		signs of physical illness,	physical illness.
		such as weight loss, or	
		unexplained changes to	To know about personal
		the body.	hygiene and germs
			(including bacteria and
		To know about personal	viruses) and describe how
		hygiene and germs	they spread, can be
		(including bacteria and	treated or prevented.
		viruses) and that they can	
		spread, be treated and	To describe the facts and
		prevented.	science relating to allergies
		<u></u>	and allergic reactions.
		To know what allergies and	
		allergic reactions are.	To describe the facts and
			science relating to
		To know what	immunisations and
		immunisations and	vaccinations.
		vaccinations are.	

Key Concept - Physical Health & Fitness						
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6

To talk about my daily	To know what an active	To know what an active	To know the mental	To know the mental	To know the risks	To know the risks
routine.	lifestyle is.	lifestyle is and what I can	benefits of an active	benefits of an active	associated with an inactive	associated with an inactive
	1	do to be active.	lifestyle.	lifestyle and suggest ways	lifestyle.	lifestyle and how to
To know that there are	To know why an active		·	to achieve this.	'	overcome this.
different ways to exercise.	lifestyle is good for me.		To know the physical		To know the risks	
	mestyle is good for mer		benefits of an active	 	associated with obesity.	To know and explain the
			lifestyle.	To know the physical	associated with obesity.	risks associated with
			mestyle.	benefits of an active	To know the importance of	obesity .
			To know the importance of	lifestyle and suggest	·	obesity.
			To know the importance of	activities.	keeping a healthy weight.	T- 1
			building regular exercise		l <u>-</u>	To know the importance of
			into daily and weekly	To know the importance of	To know how and when to	keeping a healthy weight
			routines.	building regular exercise	seek support including	and how lifestyle changes
			l	into daily and weekly	which adults to speak to in	can help this.
			To know how to build	routines and explore the	school.	
			exercise into daily and	benefits of this.		To know how and when to
			weekly routines.			seek support including
						which adults to speak to in
						school.
1		1	1		l	1

	Key Concept - Healthy Eating							
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6		
To talk about healthy food choices.	To know what a healthy diet is. To know why a healthy diet	To know what a healthy diet is. To know how to plan	To know what constitutes a healthy diet. To know the characteristics	To know what constitutes a healthy diet and suggest suitable foods.	To know what constitutes a healthy diet. To understand calories.	To know what constitutes a healthy diet and share this information.		
	is good for me.	healthy meals. To know how to prepare	of a poor diet. To know some risks	To know the characteristics of a poor diet and how changes can be made.	To understand nutritional content.	To understand calories and how this links to healthy eating.		
		healthy meals.	associated with unhealthy eating.	To know some risks associated with unhealthy	To understand some of the risks associated with	To understand nutritional content and how this links		
			To know that tooth decay can be caused by unhealthy eating.	eating. To know that tooth decay	unhealthy eating.	to healthy eating. To understand the risks		
				can be caused by unhealthy eating and understand the important		associated with unhealthy eating - obesity.		
				of good oral hygiene.		To understand the risks associated with unhealthy eating – tooth decay.		
						To understand the risks associated with alcohol on diet and health.		

to take medicine safely. To identify who should be able to give us medicine. To know that some things we put into our bodies can harm us. To keep safe at home and at school. To be aware of the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To know some strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be aware of the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To know some strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be confident in the strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be aware of the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To know some strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be aware of the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To know some strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be aware of the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To know some strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be confident in the starting smoking. To know some strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be aware of the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To understand the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To be confident in the starting smoking. To know some strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be aware of the effect alcohol has on the body. To understand the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To understand the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To understand the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To be confident in the starting smoking. To know some strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be aware of the effect smoking. To be confident in the starting smoking. To understand the impact of smoking and its effects.	Y6
to take medicine safely. To identify who should be able to give us medicine. To keep safe at home and at school. Which are safe or unsafe. To be aware of the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To know some strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be aware of the effect alcohol has on the body. To be aware of the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To understand the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To understand the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To be confident in the strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be confident in the starting smoking. To be confident in the starting smoking. To know some strategies to prevent starting smoking. To be aware of the effect alcohol has on the body. To be aware of the impact of smoking and passive smoking. To be confident in the starting smoking. To explore attitudes to drug use, to understand that all sorts of people may misuse drugs and to challenge the myths	
related to alcohol. To understand and discuss the risks related to alcohol. To understand how society limits the drinking of alcohol. To understand how society limits the drinking of alcohol. To understand how society limits the drinking of alcohol. To know a range of skills to resist peer pressure and develop some assertiveness skills. To know a range of skills to resist peer pressure and develop some assertiveness skills.	f To know what effect cannabis can have on your health and life. To know the legal consequences of using cannabis. To know the effects and risks of volatile substance abuse. To know how to get and to give help. To have practised communicating with

		Ke	y Concept - Basic First	Aid		
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
F2	To know the name of a person in our family who can keep us safe. To name the emergency services who can keep us safe.	To know how to call 999 in an emergency.	To recognise some common injuries. To know the concepts of basic first aid. To know how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services.	To recognise some common injuries and think about the necessary treatment. To know the concepts of basic first aid and how to help others in an emergency. To know how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services.	Y5	Y6

	Key Concept - The Changing Adolescent Body								
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6			
	To know how to keep ourselves clean. To know how we grow and change (from babies to children to adults). To know the difference between boy and girl babies.	To know some differences between male and female babies. To know some differences between male and female animals. To describe physical differences between males and females. To name the male and female body parts.	To build on previous knowledge of the differences and similarities between males and females. To name male and female body parts using agreed words.	To build on previous knowledge of the differences and similarities between males and females. To know some basic facts about puberty. To know about the physical and emotional changes that happen during puberty (without focus on reproduction.)	Explain the main physical and emotional changes that happen during puberty. Ask questions about puberty with confidence. Understand how puberty affects the reproductive organs. Describe how to manage physical and emotional changes. Explain how to stay clean during puberty. Describe how emotions change during puberty. Know how to get help and support during puberty.	Explain and discuss the main physical and emotional changes that happen during puberty. Discuss and ask questions about puberty with confidence. Explore positive and negative ways of communicating in a relationship. Consider physical and emotional behaviour in relationships.			