Mount Primary School Computing

Curriculum Design
Long Term Plan & Progression



Computing Intent

The intent of our computing curriculum at Mount Primary School is to help pupils become independent, creative, safe, respectful and problem-solving digital citizens with a broad and transferrable skillset. At Mount, we make use of iLearn2 which helps to make computing fun for pupils, inspiring them to develop skills beyond the classroom as well as building an awareness of all the opportunities the subject provides.

Our Computing long term plan has been designed to make sure pupils learn computing skills from the three recognised aspects of computing (below) within each year of their primary education. This means that pupils will build upon skills and concepts they established from the previous year and develop them further in the current and subsequent year.

For example, pupils will learn how to program keyboard or touch screen inputs in Year 3 to control a sprite in Scratch, then develop this further into a racing game in Year 4 using conditions and variables. Before introducing random variables in Year 5 to make the game unpredictable.

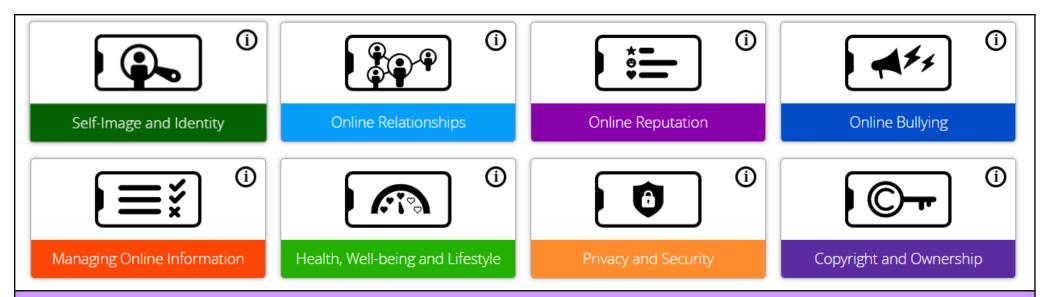
To give the children a more hands on experience, we have also built in programming physical devices into our curriculum in Year 5/6 using devices such as Micro bits and Crumble Kits.

The three aspects of Computing are:

- <u>Computer Science</u>- this covers programming (both block-based and text-based), including computational thinking using web-based software such as Scratch. Pupils across Key Stage 1 and 2 will write code to program physical and on-screen objects, interactive games and use text-based language, such as HTML and Python by the end of Key Stage 2.
- Information Technology- This covers the use of a variety of applications to create digital content, including document creation and editing, video making, digital art, graphic design, animation, 3D modelling and website building.
- <u>Digital Literacy</u>- Covers skills to find, evaluate, utilise and share using technologies and the Internet. This includes important Online Safety and internet research skills, as well as an understanding of computer networks in Key Stage 2.

Online Safety

A key part of implementing our computing curriculum is to ensure that safety of our pupils is paramount. We take online safety very seriously and we aim to give children the necessary skills to keep themselves safe online. Children build online resilience through the use of the 'Project Evolve – Education for a Connected World' framework. The framework aims to support and broaden the provision of online safety education, so that it is empowering, builds resilience and effects positive culture change. The objectives promote the development of safe and appropriate long-term behaviours, and support educators in shaping the culture within their setting and beyond.



Computing Implementation

Our progressive medium and short term planning ensures that children develop subject knowledge and their computing skills as they work through sequences of lessons, revisiting and building on prior learning.

iLearn2 includes activity packs with step-by-step, easy to follow video tutorials and challenges for both teachers and pupils to access. This has many advantages including:

- Pupils can learn computing skills at their own pace, developing independent learning skills with opportunities to continually review and revisit the skills covered.
- The pupil activity codes help teachers provide pupils with specific activities, meaning pupils can access resources and content suitable for their individual ability and needs.
- The pupil activity packs are available across Key Stage 1 and 2. Key Stage 1 pupils learn how to apply the skills they learn in the tutorials to their own work. Key Stage 2 pupils apply and develop the skills they learn in the tutorials into their own projects, independently improving and evaluating their work.

Computing Impact

Our children enjoy and value Computing and know why they are doing things, not just how. Children will understand and appreciate the value of Computing in the context of their personal wellbeing and the technological, creative and cultural industries and their many career opportunities.

Progress in Computing is demonstrated through regularly reviewing and scrutinising children's work. Using Seesaw as a digital portfolio allows us to see their learning journey over time. Pupil voice interviews are also an important part of assessing the impact of our curriculum. These will be done regularly. The Computing curriculum will contribute to children's personal development in creativity, independence, judgement and self-reflection. This would be seen in them being able to talk confidently about their work, and sharing their work with others.

- · We aim that our exciting and engaging computing curriculum will have direct impact on the lives of our children, inspiring them to pursue the digital careers of the future
- · Finding the right balance of integrating technology into our lives is also important and through our Health and Well Being objectives, our children will be able to monitor and assess their own screen time and online behaviours.
- · Impact of teaching and learning is measured by end of topic assessments and audio-visual evidence collated through the children's digital Portfolios. For this, we use Seesaw.
- · We hope to have great impact on our children's lives and we are continually adapting and honing our curriculum to meet their needs in the ever changing world of the internet.

Computing Long Term Plan								
Key Concepts	Use Subject Specif Vocabulary	ic Programmir	ng Creating I	Media	-	Systems & vorks	Multimedia	Online Safety
	F2	Y1	Y2	Y3/4	Α .	Y3/4 B	Y5/6 A	Y5/6 B
Autumn	Computer Discovery Digital Literacy/numerac y Digital art Simple coding	Introduce Programming	Recognises uses of IT Animation	Programmi Scratch	ng in	Animation Internet Research	Data Handling Understanding computer networks and the world wide web	HTML Web Programming Computers- Past, present and Future
	-Health, well-being and lifestyle	-Self-Image and Identity	-Online relationships	-Self-image identity	and	-Online relationships	-Self-image and identity	-Online relationships
Spring	Digital Literacy/Numerac y Design Digital photo and video	Design Text and Images	Data Handling	Comic crea	tion	Video Editing 3D Design	Programming in Scratch	Web Design
	-Managing online information	-Online bullying	-Managing online information	-Online bul	lying	-Managing online information	-Online Bullying	-Managing online information
Summer	Music creator	Music Creator	Programming with Scratch Jr	Document and word processing	editing	Programming in Scratch	Programming physical systems	Programming in Scratch

Digital Literacy/Numerac		E-Book Creator	Music creator		App design	Image Editing
-Online Reputation	-Health, well-being and lifestyle	-Online Reputation	-Health, well-being and lifestyle	-Online Reputation	-Health, well-being and lifestyle	-Online Reputation

Statutory Coverage

N	F2	KS1	KS2
а	Personal, Social, and Emotional	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
t	<u>Development</u>	· Understand what algorithms are; how they are	· Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific
i	Show resilience and perseverance in	implemented as programs on digital devices; and that	goals, including controlling
o	the face of a challenge. Know and	programs execute by following precise and unambiguous	· Or simulating physical systems; solve problems by
n	talk about different factors that	instructions	decomposing them into smaller parts
a	support their overall health and	· Create and debug simple programs	· Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work
ľ	well-being. Sensible amounts of	· Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple	with variables and various forms of input and output
C	screen time.	programs	· Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms
	Physical Development	· Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store,	work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and
u	Develop their small motor skills so	manipulate and retrieve digital content	programs
r	that they can use a range of tools	· Recognise common uses of information technology	· Understand computer networks including the internet; how
r	competently, safely and confidently.	beyond school	they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web;
i	Expressive Arts and Design	· Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping	and the opportunities they offer for communication and
С	Explore use and refine a variety of	personal information private; identify where to go for	collaboration
u	artistic effects to express their ideas	help and support when they have concerns about	· Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are
ı	and feelings.	content or contact on the internet or other online	selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital
u		technologies	content
m	<u>ELG</u>		· Select, use and combine a variety of software (including
&	Personal, Social and Emotional		internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and
E	Development- Managing Self		create a range of programs, systems and content that
Y	Be confident to try new activities and		accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing,
'	show independence, resilience and		evaluating and presenting data and information
F	perseverance in the face of		· Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise
S	challenge. Explain the reasons for		acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to
	rules, know right from wrong and try		report concerns about content and contact.
	to behave accordingly.		
	Expressive Arts and Design- Creating		
	with Materials		
	Safely use and explore a variety of		
	materials, tools and techniques,		
	experimenting with colour, design,		
	texture, form and function.		

Progression Map

		Key Concer	ot - Use subject specific	c vocabulary		
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3/4A	Y3/4B	Y5/6A	Y5/6B
Programming	Programming	Programming	Programming	Programming	Programming	Programming
BeeBot	Introduce	Scratch Jr	Scratch	Scratch	Scratch	Scratch
Directions	Programming	Outputs	Sprite	Sensing	Random variables	Program operators
Instructions	Sequence	Inputs	Stage	Variables	Keyboard inputs	Broadcasts
Forward	Algorithm	Loops	Repetition		Touch-screen inputs	Decomposing
Backwards	Predict	Selection		Multimedia	Unpredictability	Error detection
Clear	Execute	<u></u>	<u>Multimedia</u>	Animation	Physical Devices	HTML programming
Delete	Debug	Multimedia	Comic creation	Timeline	Microbit	HTML
		Animation	Panel	Transition	Processor	Hyperlinks
	Multimedia	Frame	Narration	Gif	Accelerometer	Tags
<u>Multimedia</u>	3D design	Clone	Stickers	Video editing	LED lights	Hexadecimal colours
Music	3D	Onion skin	Scale	Clips		
Loud	Rotate	Frame rate	Arrange	Split	Multimedia	<u>Multimedia</u>
Quiet	Arrange	Data Handling	Move	Transitions	Data handling	Image editing
Rhythm	Flip	Table	Delete	Titles	Spreadsheet	Crop
	Digital music	Bar chart	Resize	Voiceovers	Cell	Aspect ratio
	Digital sounds	Pictogram	Digital music	Export	Adjacent cell	Filters
Creating Media	Rhythm	Pie chart	Scales	3D design	Non-adjacent cell	Colour editing
Арр	Melody	Data	Chords	Spatial awareness	Formula	Saturation
iPad	Tempo	Tally	Arpeggio	Adjust	Database	Vibrance
Images		Survey	Bars and beats	Duplicate	Record	Tint
Text	Creating Media		Sampled sound	Perspective	Field	Light editing
Undo	Text and Images	Creating Media	Effects	Transparency	Sort	Brightness
Chatterpix	Add images	Ebook Creator				Exposure
Scratch	Add text	Fill	Creating Media	Computer Systems	Creating Media	Contrast
	Adjust size	Record	Document editing and	<u>& Networks</u>	App Design	Highlight
Computer Systems	Move and resize	New Page	word processing	Internet research	Screen dimensions	Shadows
<u>& Networks</u>	Placement	Images	Word processor	Internet browser	Icons	
Computer	Position	Delete	Find and replace	Search engine	Navigation	Creating Media
Interactive	Label	Share	Format	Web address	Hyperlinks	Web design
Whiteboard	Undo last		Text wrapping Bullet points	Address bar	Duplicate	Wordpress (software)

iPad **Keyboard shortcuts** www **Computer Systems** Static page Formatting Plug **Online Safety** & Networks Ranking **Computer Systems** Theme Copy and paste Sad Uses of IT Specific Header BeeBot & Networks Charger **Embarrassed** Microprocessor Kev words Computer networks Sidebar **Online Safety** Find on page tool and the internet Laptop Adult permission Analogue Widgets Identity Server Adult support Digital Trustworthy Domaine Representation **Online Safety** Trusted adults Router Avatar Safe **Computer Systems** Online bullying **Online Safety Online Safety** Firewall Social media Digital strategies **IP Address** Online Hurtful Communicate & Networks Appropriate Permission Rules Online Social Environments Wireless Access Computers- past, Support Offline Respectful Limits Point (WAP) present and future Engaged Healthy behaviours **Breaks** Risk Cloud computing Predict Age restrictions Sharing Unhealthy behaviours Limitations Exercise Peer pressure Content **Online Safety** Trusted adult Inventions Shared content Give permission Copied Inventors Analyse Deny permission Modified Computing history Accuracy Rights 'say no' Altered Change Search technologies Online identity Consent True/False Image sites Context **Online Safety** Video sites Real/Made up Report Respect boundaries Advertising Voice activated Block Consequences **Opinions** devices Mindfulness Apps Screen-grabs Fake news Online reputation Advice Inappropriate Bots Balance Visible/accessible Ranked searches In-App purchases Legal/illegal Manipulation Influence Persuasion Persuasive design Validity Misinformation Identify, flag, report Digital personality Anonymity

		Ke	y Concept - Programm	ning		
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3/4A	Y3/4B	Y5/6A	Y5/6B
Explore and play with programmable toys e.g. Beebots Explore and use remote control toys	Introduce Programming 1. Place instructions into the correct order (sequence) to make something work. 2. Use direction arrows to move an on-screen object (character/sprite) to achieve an objective. 3. Predict a route and sequence direction commands (algorithm) to achieve an objective. Correct the errors if necessary (debug). 4. Predict a route and sequence distance commands to program an on-screen object to achieve an objective. 5. Predict and sequence movement and pen commands to program the drawing of different 2D shapes. 6. Sequence code blocks, including movements and	Programming with Scratch Jr 1. Program movements. 2. Program outputs for audio or text. 3. Find errors in a program. 4. Program inputs. 5. Program selection/conditions (if one sprite hits another).	Programming in Scratch 1. Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals. (Including outputs) 2. Use repetition in programs. 3. Work with various form of inputs; keyboard, mouse and touch screen. 4. Write programs to simulate physical systems.	Programming in Scratch 1. Program inputs with loops, selection and sensing for interactions. 2. Work with variables and various forms of input and output. 3. Debug programs that accomplish goals. (correcting errors) 4. Use selection, data variables and operators. 5. Program a virtual robot using Scratch blocks.	Programming in Scratch 1. Program inputs for control, selection (conditions) and sensing for interaction and data variables for scoring and a game timer. 2. Program distance sensing and movement. 3. Program Inputs, outputs, loops, conditions, sensing and variables. 4. Program list variables that chooses randomly. Programming Physical Devices 1. Understand that computers use physical inputs and outputs and give examples. 2. Program physical inputs, outputs (e.g program LED lights) and random variables. 3. Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling	HTML 1. Add and align text and change colour. 2. Program backgroun d colour. 3. Add and align images. 4. Add hyperlinks to other websites. 5. Add an iframe (such as a Google Map) and adjust the height and width. Programming in Scratch 1. Program keyboard/touch screen inputs, selection (conditions), loops and random variables for unpredictability (operators). 2. Program inputs, selection, sensing, random variables, operators for direction and data variables for scoring. 3. Use inputs, selection, loops, sensing, costume changes and

achieve an objective. to send broadcast messages between them.
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		Key	Concept - Creating Mo	edia		
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3/4A	Y3/4B	Y5/6A	Y5/6B
Use a simple program on an iPad independently Choose and access a game/app	1. Change the background colour of a page. 2. Add, resize and position images (pictures) on a page. 3. Type and position text on a page, if possible using capital letters and punctuation. 4. Label pictures with text. 5. Use word-banks for writing sentences about pictures.	Ebook Creation 1. Add a book cover with title, author, colour and image. 2. Add multiple pages based on a theme. 3. Add text on different pages. 4. Add images on different pages to match the theme/text. 5. Add voice recordings to match the text and theme.	and Creation 1. Copy and Paste text and images. 2. Find and replace words. 3. Format text for a purpose. 4. Add bullet points to make lists. 5. Experiment with keyboard shortcuts.		App Design 1. Adjust slide size to mimic a phone/tablet size. 2. Add text and images to a slide. 3. Add icons and text to use as navigation. 4. Duplicate slides to create multiple pages of the app. 5. Create hyperlinks to create navigation.	Web Design 1. Create a static homepage. 2. Choose a suitable theme for your website. 3. Change the site identity to a suitable title, tagline and website icon. 4. Upload a suitable header and/or background image. 5. Adjust the website sidebar and add suitable widgets. 6. Add text and images to a page and edit them. 7. Add multiple pages and edit the navigation, including sub-menus. 8. Provide constructive feedback for your classmates' websites.

	Key Concept - Computer Networks & Systems									
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3/4A	Y3/4B	Y5/6A	Y5/6B				
Understand that you can use technology to find out information Understand you can use technology to watch videos and communicate with others		Recognising Uses of IT 1. Understand what makes a computer a computer. 2. Understand computers store and follow instructions. 3. Spot digital technology in school. 4. Understand how different technology helps us.		Internet Research 1. Use search technologies to find specific pieces of information. 2. Understand features of an Internet Browser. 3. Reference the correct source of information. 4. Be discerning in evaluating digital content. 5. Check the internet for fake news by cross-referencing facts.	Understanding computer networks and the world wide web 1. Understand Computer Networks, Internet and Cloud Computing and how they help us. 2. What is email and how can we use it safely? 3. Understand how and why we collaborate online (including blogging).	Computers- Past, present and Future 1. Understand how technology has changed over time. Combine text and images to present ideas. 2. Understand the impact (positive/negative) technological changes have on society. 3. Predict how technology will change in the future.				

		Ke	y Concept - Multi-Me	dia		
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3/4A	Y3/4B	Y5/6A	Y5/6B
Use iPads and cameras to capture specific images	Design 1. Change the colour and pattern of elements. 2. Position and rotate objects on a design. 3. Position objects in relation to each other. 4. Resize, rotate, flip and arrange objects behind/in front of each other. Music Creator 1. Create a rhythm using a pattern of beats. 2. Create digital sounds using patterns and shapes. 3. Create a simple melody using patterns and adjust tempo.	Animation 1. Add a background and objects to a frame, including text. 2. Copy/clone a frame and move objects to create an animation. Plus flip an object. 3. Create screen-recording animation. 4. Create stop-motion animation with photos Data Handling - Understand what data is and collect it as a tally Use software to label a pictogram and add data to each column Edit a table with correct titles and numbers Use software to create a bar chart/pie chart/line chart suitable for the data Interpret a pictogram/bar	Comic Creation 1. Add, resize and organise colour or picture backgrounds. 2. Add, resize, organise characters/objects to different panels. 3. Add narration using text and direct speech using speech bubbles. 4. Save comic with name and title. 5. Add audio recordings. Music Creation 1. Create ascending and descending scales. 2. Add chords evenly across the scales. 3. Add arpeggios and melodies. 4. Add a steady and even rhythm. 5. Use sampled sounds to create an effective mix. 6. Build beats, melody (tones) and effects.	Animation 1. Create a stop-motion video by duplicating slides that include backgrounds and shapes. 2. Create animation using transition and animation effects (morph, motion paths, pulse etc), including taking and editing a screenshot. 3. Animate individual elements of objects. 4. Create animated GIF files by animating pixels. Video Editing 1. Add scene images. 2. Add scripted voiceover audio, adjust the volume and crop clips (including splitting a clip). 3. Add more clips and use transition effects. 4. Add titles. 5. Use elements such as shapes. 6. Add music	Data Handling 1. Select and use non-adjacent cells plus resize multiple cell widths and copy/paste cells. 2. Find data and create a spreadsheet to suit it. 3. Use formulae to find totals, averages and maximum/minimum numbers. 4. Search a database for specific information.	Image Editing 1. Adjust the colours, brightness and contrast to improve a photo. 2. Create a before and after slide in presentation software. 3. Take and crop a screenshot. 4. Add drawing and text layers. 5. Import new images as layers and resize them to fit. 6. Add colour elements to a black and white image using layers and eraser tools.

background music
and adjust the
volume.
7. Export a project.
7. Export a project.
2D Docign
3D Design
1. Understand 3D
spacial awareness.
2. Add 3D shapes,
resize, adjust
height, duplicate and use
the different
perspective. 3. Re-create
different types of buildings using 3D
shapes. 4. Create
roads/paths by
adjusting the height
of 3D shapes. 5. Add windows and
door shapes.

		Key	Concept - Online Saf	ety		
F2	Y1	Y2	Y3/4A	Y3/4B	Y5/6A	Y5/6B
Self image and Identity -Know that I have to check with adults before entering any personal information Child friendly apps Understand that I only use apps that have been approved	Self-Image and Identity -Recognise that there may be people online who could make me feel sad, embarrassed or upsetKnow when I should ask an adult for help with things online that upset meGive examples of	-Online relationships -Give examples of how someone might use technology to communicate with others they don't also know offline and explain why this might be riskyExplain who I should ask before sharing things about myself or others	Y3/4A Self-Image and Identity (see year 3 unit on Project Evolve) -Explain what is meant by the term 'identity'Explain how I can represent myself in different ways onlineExplain ways in which and why I might change my	Y3/4B -Online relationships (see year 4 unit on Project Evolve) -Describe strategies for safe and fun experiences in a range of online social environments (e.g. livestreaming, gaming platforms) -Give examples of how to be respectful to others online and	Y5/6A Self-Image and Identity (see year 5 unit on Project Evolve) -Explain how identity online can be copied, modified or alteredDemonstrate how to make responsible choices about having an online identity, depending on context.	relationships (see year 6 unit on Project Evolve) -Explain how sharing something online may have an impact either positively or negativelyDescribe how to be kind and show respect for others online including the
Always tell an adult Recognising the importance of telling an adult if they see something that upsets them Adult permissions Discuss the importance of asking an adults permission before	different adults I can ask for help. Online bullying -Recognise that certain behaviours online can upset othersIdentify behaviour that might upset others onlineRecognise being kind online would make someone feel good.	onlineDescribe different ways to ask for, give, or deny my permission onlineExplain why I have a right to say 'no' or 'I will have to ask someone'Explain who can help me if I feel under pressure to agree to something I am unsure about or don't want to do.	identity depending on what I am doing online (e.g. gaming; using an avatar; social media). Online bullying (see year 3 unit on Project Evolve) -Explain why I should be kind online vs. unkind -To know how I should act onlineExplain how I make	describe how to recognise healthy and unhealthy online behaviours -Explain how content shared online may feel unimportant to one person but may be important to other people's thoughts feelings and beliefs. Managing online information (see	Online bullying (see year 5 unit on Project Evolve) -Recognise online bullying can be different to bullying in the physical world -To know what one person perceives as playful joking and teasing (including 'banter') might be experienced by others as bullying.	importance of respecting boundaries regarding what is shared about them online and how to support them if others do notDescribe how things shared privately online can have unintended consequences for others. e.g. screen-grabs.
using certain technology Well-being and lifestyle Discuss the importance of	-Recognise being unkind online would make someone feel bad. Health, well-being and lifestyle	Managing online information -Use simple keywords in search enginesKnow how to navigate a simple webpage to get to	sure I am being kind onlineGive examples of how bullying behaviour could appear online and how someone can get support.	year 4 unit on Project Evolve -To analyse information to make a judgement about probable accuracy and I understand why it is important	-Explain how anyone can get help if they are being bullied online and identify when to tell a trusted adultKnow how to block abusive users.	-Explain that taking or sharing inappropriate images of someone (e.g. embarrassing images), even if they say it is okay, may have an impact for the sharer and

sharing technology with others and understand why time online needs to be limited

Online with an adult

Understand that I should ask an adult before accessing technology

-Have an understanding of their own use of technology in and beyond the home.
-Explain why these rules help keep them safe.
-Identify rules that apply to safety and

them safe.
-Identify rules that apply to safety and rules that apply to health/well-being
-Show an awareness of how rules may change with simple changes in context (where they are, what they are doing and who they might be with)

information I need (e.g. home, forward, back buttons; links, tabs and sections).
-Explain what voice activated searching is and how it might be used.
-Explain the difference between things that are

difference between things that are imaginary, 'made up' or 'make believe' and things that are 'true' or 'real'.

-To explain why some information I find online may not be real or true.

Online Reputation

-Know how information put online about someone can last for a long time.
-Know how anyone's online information could be seen by others.
-know who to talk to if something has been put online without consent or if it is incorrect.

Health, well-being and lifestyle (see

year 3 unit on Project Evolve)

-Explain why spending too much time using technology can sometimes have a negative impact on anyone; I can give some examples of both positive and negative activities where it is easy to spend a lot of time engaged.

-Know why some online activities have age restrictions, why it is important to follow them and know who I can talk to if others pressure me to watch or do something online that makes me feel uncomfortable (e.g. age restricted gaming or web sites).

to make my own decisions regarding content.

-To describe how to search for information within a wide group of technologies and make a judgement about the probable accuracy (e.g. social media, image sites, video sites). -To describe some of the methods used

people to buy things online (e.g. advertising offers; in-app purchases, pop-ups) and can recognise some of these when they appear online.
-Know that technology can be designed to act like or impersonate living things (e.g. bots) and describe what the benefits

to encourage

be.
-Know what is
meant by fake news
e.g. why some
people will create
stories or alter
photographs and
put them online to

and the risks might

- Know the helpline services which can help people experiencing bullying, and how to access them (e.g. Childline).

Health, well-being and lifestyle (see year 5 unit on Project Evolve)

-Know common systems that regulate age-related content (e.g. PEGI, BBFC, parental warnings) and describe their purpose.
-Recognise and can

-Recognise and car discuss the pressures that technology can place on someone and how / when they could manage this.

-Recognise features of persuasive design and how they are used to keep users engaged.
-Assess and action different strategies to limit the impact of

technology on

night-shift mode.

health (e.g.

others; and who can help if someone is worried about this.

Managing online information (see year 6 unit on Project Evolve)

-Know how search engines work and how results are selected and ranked.

-Know how some online information can be opinion and can offer examples. -Know how and why some people may present 'opinions' as 'facts'; why the popularity of an opinion or the personalities of those promoting it does not necessarily make it true, fair or perhaps even legal. -Define the terms 'influence',

-Define the terms 'influence', 'manipulation' and 'persuasion' and explain how someone might encounter these online (e.g. advertising and 'ad targeting' and

		is tr Onl (see Pro -Kn may nan info me -Kn info me bee by r -Kn may info untr abor with kno -Kn son info any hav	dine Reputation e year 4 unit on oject Evolve) now that others by search my me online to find formation about condine may have en posted online me. now that people by alter formation or put forme information out me online the or without my owledge. now ways that me of the formation about yone online could we been created, oied or shared by	regular breaks, correct posture, sleep, diet and exercise).	targeting for fake news). -To understand the concept of persuasive design and how it can be used to influences peoples' choices. -To demonstrate how to analyse and evaluate the validity of 'facts' and information. -Know the difference between online misinformation and dis-information. -I can identify, flag and report inappropriate content. Online Reputation (see year 6 unit on Project Evolve) -Know the ways in which anyone can develop a positive online reputation. -Know strategies anyone can use to protect their 'digital personality' and online reputation, including degrees of anonymity.
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